

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

March 15, 2005

Ordinance 15137

Proposed No. 2004-0512.3

Sponsors

Edmonds, Constantine, Pelz, Ferguson, Patterson, Phillips and Gossett

1	AN ORDINANCE relating to the public benefit rating
2	system for open space land; amending Ordinance 1076,
3	Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.040, Ordinance
4	1076, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.060,
5	Ordinance 1886, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C.
6	20.36.090, Ordinance 10511, Section 7, as amended, and
7	K.C.C. 20.36.100 and Ordinance 10511, Section 8, and
8	K.C.C. 20.36.170, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter
9	20.36, decodifying K.C.C. 20.36.140 and repealing
10	Ordinance 12969, Section 7, and K.C.C. 20.36.105 and
11	Ordinance 12969, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C.
12	20.36.150.
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15	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
16	NEW SECTION. SECTION 1. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 20.36 a
17	new section to read as follows:

18	Definitions. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless
19	the context clearly requires otherwise.
20	A. "Certified local government programs" are those historic preservation
21	programs that are formally certified by the National Park Service and Washington state
22	Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation.
23	B. "Department" means the department of natural resources and parks or
24	successor agency.
25	C. "Enrolled parcel" means a parcel for which a public benefit rating system oper
26	space application has been received, that is receiving tax reduction benefits and for which
27	an open space taxation agreement, as described in WAC 458.30.240, has been executed
28	and recorded with the records, elections and licensing services division.
29	D. "Native plant" or "native vegetation" means native vegetation as defined in
30	K.C.C. 21A.06.790.
31	E. "Reevaluate" means to examine the characteristics of a property currently
32	designated under current use taxation provisions of the open space program for
33	qualification under the current public benefit rating system provided for in this chapter.
34	SECTION 2. Ordinance 1076, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.040 are
35	each hereby amended to read as follows:
36	Fees.
37	A. Except as provided in subsection C. of this section, ((T))the applicant shall
38	pay a <u>current use</u> filing fee as provided in K.C.C. ((Title 27)) 27.10.230, payable to the
39	King County ((office)) finance and business operations division, for each open space,
40	farm and agricultural or timberland application filed in calendar year 1973 or thereafter

((twenty)) ten days before the hearing.

41	B. In the case of all farm and agricultural land applications, whether the
42	application is based on land within or outside of an incorporated area, the entire fee shall
43	be collected and retained by the county. In the case of open space or timberland
44	applications based on land in an incorporated area of the county, where the city
45	legislative authority has set no filing fee, the county fee shall govern and the entire fee
46	shall be collected and retained by the county. Where the city legislative authority has
47	established a filing fee for open space or timberland applications based on land in an
48	incorporated area of the county, fees as set forth in K.C.C. Title 27 shall be collected by
49	the county from the applicant and the county shall pay the city one-half of the fee
50	collected; provided, that in no event shall the amount paid to the city exceed the fee
51	established by the city.
52	C. Public benefit rating system application fees for lands in the unincorporated
53	areas shall be waived from the effective date of this ordinance through December 31,
54	<u>2005.</u>
55	SECTION 3. Ordinance 1076, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.060 are
56	each hereby amended to read as follows:
57	Notice of public hearing for timberland and open space applications in
58	unincorporated areas.
59	A. Notice of the time, place and purpose of ((any such)) a public hearing before
60	the hearing examiner on a timberland application based on land in unincorporated areas
61	of the county shall be given by one publication in the official county newspaper at least

63	B. Notice of the time, place and purpose of a public hearing before the hearing
64	examiner on an open space application based on land in unincorporated areas of the
65	county shall be provided by the following methods at least thirty days before the hearing:
66	1. By the applicant posting the property included in the application with a sign
67	provided at no charge by the department. The sign shall measure at least eighteen inches
68	by twenty-four inches, and shall include the name of the applicant, the location of the
69	subject property, the date, place and purpose of the public hearing, a reference to this
70	section and a source for additional information. The applicant must provide a declaration
71	or affidavit to the department confirming the posting and the department shall file the
72	declaration or affidavit with the clerk of the council;
73	2. By the department by mailing notice in accordance with the standards
74	provided for in K.C.C. 20.20.060.G. 1, 5. and 6; and
75	3. By the clerk of the council by publishing notice in the official county
76	newspaper and another newspaper of general circulation in the affected area.
77	SECTION 4. Ordinance 1886, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.090 are
78	each hereby amended to read as follows:
79	Open space and timberland applications in incorporated areas.
80	A. In the case of open space and timberland applications received by the county
81	based on land in incorporated areas of the county, the department ((of development and
82	environmental services)) shall promptly transmit a copy of the application to the affected
83	city.
84	B. Such an application shall be acted upon by a determining authority composed of
85	three county council members((designated by the council)) who are members of the
86	council's natural resources and utilities committee, or its successor, and three city council

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members designated by the applicable city legislative body. The application shall be acted upon after a public hearing and after notice of the hearing shall have been given by one publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area at least ten days before the hearings.

SECTION 5. Ordinance 10511, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.100 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

((Criteria for approval - p))Public benefit rating system for open space land - ((rating system - bonus system - super bonus system)) definitions and eligibility.

((A.)) To be eligible for open space classification under the public benefit rating system, property must contain one or more ((priority)) qualifying open space resources and have at least five points as determined under this section. These resources are ((ranked as high priority, medium priority and low priority resources and are)) based on the adopted King County Open Space Plan referenced in K.C.C. 20.12.380. ((High priority resources receive five points each, medium priority resources receive three points each and low priority resources receive one point each. Property can receive a maximum of thirty points from no more than six open space priority resources. In addition, bonus points and super bonus points may be awarded pursuant to K.C.C. 20.36.100B and C and a property can achieve a maximum of fifty-two points through the rating system and the bonus system. Portions of property may also qualify for open space designation. Complete definitions of each resource, sources and eligibility standards are fully described in the summary report adopted by reference by K.C.C. 20.36.150. The department of natural resources and parks shall have the administrative authority to interpret issues relating to the priority resource definitions and eligibility standards outlined in the summary report.

110	1. High priority resources - five points each.
111	a-)) The department shall review each application and recommend award of
112	credit for current use of property that is the subject of the application. In making such a
113	recommendation, the department shall utilize the point system described in subsections A.
114	and B. of this section.
115	A. The following open space resources are each eligible for the points indicated:
116	1. Active or passive recreation area - five points.
117	((b. Property under option for purchase as park, recreation, open space land or
118	CIP mitigation site.
119	e-)) For the purposes of this subsection A.1, "active or passive recreation area"
120	means land devoted to providing nonmotorized active or passive recreation use or that
121	complements or substitutes for recreation facilities characteristically provided by public
122	agencies. To be eligible as an active or passive recreation area, the facilities must be
123	open to the general public or to specific public user groups, such as youth, senior citizens
124	or people with disabilities. A property must be identified by the responsible agency
125	within whose jurisdiction the property is located, as meeting the definition of an active or
126	passive recreation area. Enrolling property must adhere to best management practices or
127	standards, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.098, where available. If a fee is charged for use,
128	it must be comparable to the fee charged by a like public facility;
129	2. Aquifer protection area <u>- five points</u> .
130	((d. Shoreline: "Conservancy" environment.
131	e. Scenic resource, viewpoint or view corridor.
132	f. Surface water quality buffer area.
133	g. Open space close to urban or growth area.

134	h. Significant plant, wildlife or salmonid habitat area.
135	i. Significant aquatic ecosystem.
136	j. Historie landmark/archaeological site: designated site.
137	k. Trail linkage.
138	1. Urban or growth area open space.
139	m. Farm and agricultural conservation land.
140	n. Forest stewardship land.
141	o.)) For the purposes of this subsection A.2, "aquifer protection area" means
142	property that has a plant community in which native plants are dominant and that is
143	located within an area designated as a critical aquifer recharge area under K.C.C. chapter
144	21A.24. To be eligible as an aquifer protection area, at least fifty percent of the enrolling
145	open space area or a minimum of one acre of open space shall be designated as a critical
146	aquifer recharge area. The enrolling open space area must have a plant community in
147	which native plants are dominant, or a plan for revegetation must be submitted and
148	approved by the department, and be implemented according to its proposed schedule of
149	activities;
150	3. Buffer to public land - three points. For the purposes of this subsection A.3,
151	"buffer to public land" means land that has a plant community in which native plants are
152	dominant and that is adjacent and provides a buffer to a publicly owned park, forest,
153	wildlife preserve, natural preserve, sanctuary, parkway, trail, highway, designated
154	greenway or is adjacent and provides a buffer to a property participating in a current use
155	taxation program under chapter 84.34 RCW. The buffer shall be no less than fifty feet in
156	length and fifty feet in width. Public roads may separate the public land, or land in
157	private ownership classified under chapter 84.34 RCW, from the buffering land, if the

entire buffer is at least as wide and long as the adjacent section of the road easement.

Landscaping or other nonnative vegetation shall not separate the public land or land enrolled under chapter 84.34 RCW from the native vegetation buffer. The department may grant an exception to the native vegetation requirement for property along parkways with historic designation, upon review and recommendation of the historic preservation officer of King County or the local jurisdiction in which the property is located.

Eligibility for this exception does not extend to a property where plantings are required or existing plant communities are protected under local zoning codes, development mitigation requirements or other local regulations;

4. Equestrian-pedestrian trail linkage - thirty-five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.4, "equestrian-pedestrian trail linkage" means land in private ownership that the property owner allows the public to use as an off-road trail linkage for equestrian, pedestrian or other nonmotorized uses or that provides a trail link from a public right of way to a trail system. Use of motorized vehicles is prohibited on trails receiving tax reductions in this category, except for maintenance or for medical, public safety or police emergencies. Public access is required only on that portion of the property containing the trail. The landowner may impose reasonable restrictions on access that are mutually agreed to by the landowner and the department, such as limiting use to daylight hours.

To be eligible as an equestrian-pedestrian trail linkage, the owner shall provide a trail easement to an appropriate public or private entity, acceptable to the department. The easement shall be recorded with the records, elections and licensing services division. In addition to the area covered by the trail easement, adjacent land used as pasture, barn or stable area and any corral or paddock may be included, if an approved and implemented

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farm management plan is provided. Land necessary to provide a buffer from the trail to
other nonequestrian uses, land that contributes to the aesthetics of the trail, such as a.
forest, and land set aside and marked for off road parking for trail users may also be
included as lands eligible for current use taxation. Private roads or driveways open to the
public for this purpose may also qualify. Driveways and sidewalks, used primarily by the
landowner, do not qualify under this category. Fencing and gates are not allowed in the
trail easement area, except those that are parallel to the trail or linkage;

5. Farm and agricultural conservation land – five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.5, "farm and agricultural conservation land" means land previously classified as farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020 that no longer meets the criteria of farm and agricultural land, or traditional farmland not classified under chapter 84.34 RCW that has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with agricultural uses and has a high potential for returning to commercial agriculture. To be eligible as farm and agricultural conservation land, the property must be used for farm and agricultural activities or have a high probability of returning to agriculture and the property owner must commit to return the property to farm or agricultural activities. An applicant must have a department-approved farm management plan in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 that is being implemented according to its proposed schedule of activities prior to receiving credit for this category. The property must be: at least five acres in size; or greater than two acres and be actively farmed on more than seventy-five percent of the property. Eligible land must be zoned to allow agricultural uses. Combining separate parcels under different owners is not allowed under this category:

6. Forest stewardship land - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.6,
"forest stewardship land" means property that is managed according to an approved forest
stewardship plan and that is not enrolled in the timberland program under chapter 84.34
RCW or the forestland program under chapter 84.33 RCW. To be eligible as forest
stewardship land, the property must contain at least four acres of contiguous forestland,
which may include land undergoing reforestation, according to the approved plan. An
applicant shall have and implement a forest stewardship plan approved by the
department. The forest stewardship plan may emphasize forest retention, harvesting or a
combination of both;
7. Historic landmark or archeological site: buffer to a designated site - three

7. Historic landmark or archeological site: buffer to a designated site - three points. For the purposes of this subsection A.7, "historic landmark or archaeological site: buffer to a designated site" means property adjacent to land constituting or containing a designated county or local historic landmark or archeological site, as determined by the historic preservation officer of King County or other jurisdiction in which the property is located that manages a certified local government program. To be eligible as a historic landmark or archeological site: buffer to a designated site, a property must have a plant community in which native plants are dominant and be adjacent to or in the immediate vicinity of and provide a significant buffer for a designated landmark or archaeological site listed on the county or other certified local government list or register of historic places or landmarks. For the purposes of this subsection A.7, "significant buffer" means land and plant communities that provide physical, visual, noise or other barriers and separation from adverse effects to the historic resources due to adjacent land use;

8. Historic landmark or archeological site: designated site - five points. For the
purposes of this subsection A.8, "historic landmark or archaeological site: designated
site" means land that constitutes or upon which is situated a historic landmark formally
designated by King County or other certified local government program. Historic
landmarks include buildings, structures, districts or sites of significance in the county's
historic or prehistoric heritage, such as Native American settlements, trails, pioneer
settlements, farmsteads, roads, industrial works, bridges, burial sites, prehistoric and
historic archaeological sites or traditional cultural properties. To be eligible as a historic
landmark or archeological site: designated site, a property must be listed on a county or
other certified local government list or register of historic places or landmarks for which
there is local regulatory protection. Eligible property may include property that
contributes to the historic character within designated historic districts, as defined by the
historic preservation officer of King County or other certified local government
jurisdiction. The King County historic preservation officer shall make the determination
on eligibility;
9. Historic landmark or archeological site: eligible site - three points. For the
purposes of this subsection A.9, "historic landmark or archaeological site: eligible site"
means land that constitutes or upon which is situated a historic property that has the
potential of being formally designated by a certified local government jurisdiction,
including buildings, structures, districts or sites of significance in the county's historic or

prehistoric heritage, such as Native American settlements, pioneer settlements,

farmsteads, roads, industrial works, bridges, burial sites, prehistoric and historic

archaeological sites or traditional cultural properties. An eligible property must be

determined by the historic preservation officer of King County or other certified local
government program in the jurisdiction in which the property is located to be eligible for
designation and listing on the county or other local register of historic places or
landmarks for which there is local regulatory protection. Eligible property may include
contributing property within designated historic districts. Property listed on the state or
national Registers of Historic Places may qualify under this category;

10. Rural open space - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.10,

"rural open space" means an area of ten or more contiguous acres that has a plant

community in which native plants are dominant and that is located outside of the urban

growth area as identified in the King County Comprehensive Plan, except that an eligible

site may include former open farmland, woodlots, scrublands or other lands that are in the

process of being replanted with native vegetation;

((p-)) 11. Rural stewardship land - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.11, "rural stewardship land" means lands zoned RA (rural area), A (agriculture) or F (forest), that has a department-approved and implemented rural stewardship plan as provided in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24. On RA-zoned property, the approved rural stewardship plan shall meet the goals and standards of K.C.C. 21A.24.055. For A- and F-zoned properties, credit for this category is allowed if the plan meets the goals of K.C.C. 21A.24.055 D. through G. A rural stewardship plan includes, but is not limited to, identification of critical areas, location of structures and significant features, site-specific best management practices, a schedule for implementation and a plan for monitoring as provided in K.C.C. 21A.24.055. To be eligible as rural stewardship land, the open space must be at least one acre and feature a plant community

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in which native plants are dominant or be in the process of restoration, reforestation or enhancement of native vegetation. Lands receiving credit for this category shall not receive credit for the resource restoration or the forest stewardship land public benefit rating system categories;

12. Scenic resource, viewpoint or view corridor - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.12, "scenic resource" means an area of ten or more enrolling acres of natural or recognized cultural features visually significant to the aesthetic character of the county. A site eligible as a scenic resource must be significant to the identity of the local area and must be visible to a significant number of the general public from public rights-of-way, must be of sufficient size to substantially preserve the scenic resource value and must enroll at least ten acres of open space. For the purposes of this subsection A.12, a "viewpoint" means a property that provides a view of an area visually significant to the aesthetic character of the county. To be eligible as a viewpoint, a site must provide a view of a scenic natural or recognized cultural resource in King County or other visually significant area and must allow unlimited public access, and be identified by a permanent sign readily visible from a road or other public right-of-way. For the purposes of this subsection A.12, a "view corridor" means a property that contributes to the aesthetics of a recognized view corridor critical to maintaining a public view of a visually significant scenic natural or recognized cultural resource. A site eligible as a view corridor must contain at least one acre of open space that contributes to a view corridor visible to the public that provides views of a scenic natural resource area significant to the local area. Recognized cultural areas must be found significant by the King County historic preservation officer or equivalent officer of another certified local

government program and must contain significant inventoried or designated historic properties. Eligibility is subject to determination by the department or applicable jurisdiction;

13. Shoreline: conservancy environment - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.13, "shoreline: conservancy environment" means marine, lake and river shoreline and associated wetlands designated as a conservancy environment in an adopted shoreline master plan under chapter 90.58 RCW, the Shoreline Management Act of 1971. To be eligible as shoreline: conservancy environment, the property enrolling must feature a plant community in which native plants are dominant, adjacent to the water for a length of more than twenty-five feet, and provide additional buffer width. The buffer width must be at least twenty-five percent greater than the buffer required by regulation. Credit for this category cannot overlap with credit for the shoreline natural environment category;

14. Shoreline: natural environment - three points. For the purposes of this subsection A.14, "shoreline: natural environment" means marine, lake or river shoreline and its associated wetlands designated as a natural environment in an adopted shoreline master plan under chapter 90.58 RCW, the Shoreline Management Act of 1971. To be eligible as shoreline: natural environment, the property enrolling must feature a plant community in which native plants are dominant, adjacent to the water and be greater than twenty-five feet in length, and provide additional buffer width. The buffer width must be at least twenty-five percent greater than the buffer required by regulation. Credit for this resource cannot overlap with credit for the shoreline conservancy environment category;

316	15. Significant plant site - five points. For the purposes of this subsection A.15
317	"significant plant site" means: an area with naturally occurring concentrations of those
318	plants defined as being monitor species and meeting the criteria for native plant
319	communities by the Washington state Department of Natural Resources as of the
320	effective date of this ordinance; or an old growth forest stand at least ten acres in size.
321	An eligible site must be listed in the Natural Heritage Data Base as of the effective date
322	of this ordinance, or be identified by an expert acceptable to the department confirming
323	that qualified species are present on the property. Commercial nurseries, arboretums or
324	other maintained garden sites with native or nonnative plantings are ineligible for this
325	category;
326	16. Significant wildlife or salmonid habitat - five points.
327	a. For the purposes of this subsection A.16, "significant wildlife or salmonid
328	habitat" means:
329	(1) an area used by animal species listed as endangered, threatened, sensitive
330	or candidate by the Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife or Department of
331	Natural Resources as of the effective date of this ordinance, or used by species of local
332	significance that are so listed by the King County Comprehensive Plan or a local
333	jurisdiction;
334	(2) an area where the species listed in subsection A.16.a.(1). of this section
335	are potentially found with sufficient frequency for critical ecological processes to occur
336	such as reproduction, nesting, rearing, wintering, feeding or resting;

337	(3) a site that meets the criteria for priority habitats as defined by the
338	Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife that is so listed by the King County
339	Comprehensive Plan or the local jurisdiction in which the property is located; or
340	(4) a site that meets criteria for a wildlife habitat conservation area as defined
341	by the department or a local jurisdiction.
342	b. To be eligible as significant wildlife or salmonid habitat, the property must
343	be verified by the department, or by expert determination acceptable to the department
344	that qualified species are present or that the land fulfills the functions described in
345	subsection A.16.a. of this section. To receive credit for salmonid habitat, the owner must
346	provide a buffer at least fifteen percent greater in width than required by any applicable
347	regulation. Property consisting mainly of disturbed or fragmented open space determined
348	by the department as having minimal wildlife habitat significance is ineligible for this
349	category;
350	17. Special animal site - three points. For the purposes of this subsection A.17,
351	"special animal site" means a site that includes a wildlife habitat network identified by
352	the King County Comprehensive Plan or individual jurisdictions through the Growth
353	Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW, or urban natural area as identified by the
354	Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife's priority habitats and species project
355	as of the effective date of this ordinance. To be eligible as a special animal site, the
356	property must be identified by King County or local or state jurisdiction or where expert
357	verification acceptable to the department or local jurisdiction is provided. Property
358	consisting mainly of disturbed or fragmented open space determined by the department to
359	have minimal wildlife habitat significance is ineligible for this category;

360	18. Surface water quality buffer - five points. For the purposes of this
361	subsection A.18, "surface water quality buffer" means an undisturbed area that has a plant
362	community in which native plants are dominant adjacent to a lake, pond, stream, wetland
363	or marine waters, that provides buffers beyond that required by any applicable regulation.
364	To be eligible as surface water quality buffer, the buffer must be at least fifty percent
365	wider than the buffer required by any applicable regulation and longer than twenty-five
366	feet. The qualifying buffer area must be preserved from clearing and intrusion by
367	domestic animals and protected from grazing or use by livestock;
368	19. Urban open space - five points.
369	a. For the purposes of this subsection A.19, "urban open space" means land
370	located within the boundaries of a city or within the urban growth area that has a plant
371	community in which native plants are dominant and that under the applicable zoning is
372	eligible for more intensive development or use. To be eligible as urban open space, the
373	enrolling area must be at least one acre, or be at least one-half acre if the land meets one
374	of the following criteria:
375	(1) the land conserves and enhances natural or scenic resources;
376	(2) the land protects streams or water supply;
377	(3) the land promotes conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal
378	marshes;
379	(4) the land enhances the value to the public of abutting or neighboring
380	parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space;
381	(5) the land enhances recreation opportunities to the general public; or

382	(6) the land preserves visual quality along highways, roads, and streets or
383	scenic vistas.
384	b. Owners of noncontiguous properties that together meet the minimum
385	acreage requirement of subsection A. 19. a. of this section may jointly apply under this
386	category if each property is closer than seventy-five feet to one other property in the
387	application and if each property contains an enrolling open space area at least as large as
388	the minimum zoned lot size; and
389	((q.)) 20. Watershed protection area - five points.
390	((2. Medium priority resources - three points each.
391	a. Public land or right-of-way buffer.
392	b. Special native plant site.
393	c. Natural shoreline environment.
394	d. Geological feature.
395	e. Eligible historic landmark or archaeological site.
396	f. Buffer to designated historic landmark/archaeological site.
397	g. Special animal site.
398	3. Low priority resource - one point.
399	a. Buffer to eligible historic/archaeological site.)) For the purposes of this
400	subsection A.20, "watershed protection area" means property in a watershed contributing
401	to the forest cover that provides run-off reduction and groundwater protection. To be
402	eligible as watershed protection area, the property must consist of contiguous native
403	forest or be in the process of reforestation. The enrolling forested area must consist of an
404	additional fifteen percent of forest cover beyond that required by county or applicable
405	local government regulation and must be at least one acre or twenty-five percent of the

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property acreage, whichever is greater. If reforestation or improvements to the forest
health are necessary, the property owner shall provide and implement a department-
approved forest stewardship or rural stewardship plan.

<u>B.</u> Property qualifying ((in the specific high, medium or low priority categories))

for an open space category in subsection A. of this section may receive ((up to twenty-two)) credit for additional points ((if the following additional qualifications are met)) as follows:

1. Resource restoration - five points. For the purposes of this subsection B.1. "resource restoration" means restoration of an enrolling area benefiting an area in an open space resource category. Emphasis shall be placed on restoration of anadromous fish rearing habitat, riparian zones, migration corridors and wildlife, upland, stream and wetland habitats. To be eligible as resource restoration, the owner must provide and implement a department-approved restoration plan developed in cooperation with the Soil Conservation Service, the state Department of Fisheries and Wildlife, King County or other appropriate local or county agency. Historic resource restoration must be approved by the King County historic preservation officer or officer of another certified local government and must be accompanied by a long-term maintenance plan. For resource restoration credit, the owner shall provide to the department a yearly monitoring report for at least five years following enrollment in the public benefit rating system program. The report shall describe the progress and success of the restoration project and shall include photographs to document the success. Credit for this category cannot overlap with credit for the forest stewardship land category or the rural stewardship land category. If a property owner implements an approved restoration plan after enrolling in

the public benefit rating system program and did not receive credit for the restoration in
the initial evaluation of the property, the owner may reapply to amend the application and
receive the bonus points credit without paying an additional application fee;

- 2. ((Bonus)) Additional surface water quality buffer three or five points. For the purposes of this subsection B.2, "additional surface water quality buffer" means an undisturbed area of native vegetation adjacent to a lake, pond, stream, wetland or marine water providing a buffer width of at least twice that required by regulation. To be eligible as additional surface water quality buffer, the property must qualify for the surface water quality buffer or a shoreline category in subsection A. of this section.

 Three points are awarded for additional buffers no less than two times the buffer width required by any applicable regulation. Five points are awarded for additional buffers no less than three times the buffer width required by any applicable regulation;
- 3. Contiguous parcels under separate ownership two points per participating owner above one owner. The points under this subsection B.3. accrue to all of the owners. However, withdrawal of a participating owner means the loss to each of the remaining owners of the two points for the withdrawing owner's participation under this subsection B.3. For the purposes of this subsection B.3, "contiguous parcels" means enrolling parcels abutting each other without any significant natural or manmade barrier separating them or enrolling parcels abutting a publicly owned open space but not necessarily abutting each other without any significant natural or manmade barriers separating the publicly owned open space and the parcels seeking open space classification. Contiguous parcels of land with the same qualifying public benefit rating system resources are eligible for treatment as a single parcel if open space classification is sought under the

same application except as otherwise prohibited. Award of this category requires a single application by multiple owners and parcels with identical qualifying public benefit rating system resources. Treatment as contiguous parcels shall include: the requirement to pay only a single application fee; and the requirement that the total area of all parcels combined must equal or exceed any required minimum area, rather than each parcel being required to meet the minimum area. Individual parcels may be withdrawn from open space classification consistent with all applicable rules and regulations without affecting the continued eligibility of all other parcels accepted under the same application, but the combined area of the parcels remaining in open space classification must still qualify for their original enrolling public benefit rating system category or categories. To be eligible as contiguous parcels under separate ownership, the property must include two or more parcels under different ownership. The owners of each parcel included in the application must agree to identical terms and conditions for enrollment in the program;

4. Conservation ((or Historic Preservation E))easement or historic preservation
easement—((five)) fifteen points. For the purposes of this subsection B.4, "conservation
easement or historic preservation easement" means land on which an easement is
voluntarily placed that restricts, in perpetuity, further potential development or other uses
of the property. The granting of this conservation easement or historic preservation
easement provides additional value through permanent protection of a resource. These
easements are typically donated or sold to a government or nonprofit organization, such
as a land trust or conservancy. To be eligible as conservation easement or historic
preservation easement, the easement must be approved by the department and be

recorded with the records, elections and licensing services division. The easement shall
be conveyed to the county or to an organization acceptable to the department. In
addition, historic preservation easements shall also be approved by the historic
preservation officer of King County or officer of another certified local government
jurisdiction in which the property is located. An easement required by zoning,
subdivision conditions or other land use regulation is not eligible unless an additional
substantive easement area is provided beyond that otherwise required;

- 5. ((Bonus p))Public access = points dependent on level of access. For the purposes of this subsection B.5, "public access " means the general public is allowed to access for uses such as, but not limited to, recreation, education or training. Access is required on only the enrolling portion of the property. The landowner may impose reasonable restrictions on access, such as limiting use to daylight hours, that are mutually agreed to by the landowner and the department. No physical barriers may limit reasonable public access or negatively affect an open space resource. To be eligible for public access at one of the levels described in a. through d. of this subsection B.5, a property owner shall demonstrate that the property is open to public access and is used by the public. Public access points for historic properties shall be approved by the historic preservation officer of King County or officer of another certified local government jurisdiction in which the property is located. The property owner may be required to furnish and maintain signage according to county specifications.
- a. Unlimited public access five points. Year-round access by the general public is allowed without special arrangements with the property owner.

497	b. Limited public access ((-sensitive area)) because of resource sensitivity - five
498	points. Access may be reasonably limited due to the sensitive nature of the resource, with
499	access provided only to appropriate user groups. The access allowed shall generally be
500	for an educational, scientific or research purpose and may require special arrangements
501	with the owner.
502	c. Environmental education access—three points. The landowner enters into
503	an agreement with a school, an organization with 501(c)(3) tax status, or with the
504	agreement of the department, other community organization that allows membership by
505	the general public, to provide environmental education on the enrolled parcel to its
506	members or the public at large. The landowner and the department must mutually agree
507	that the enrolled parcel has value for environmental education purposes.
508	d. Seasonally ((L))limited public access - three points. Access by the public is
509	allowed, with or without special arrangements with the property owner, during only part
510	of the year based on seasonal conditions, as mutually agreed to by the landowner and the
511	department.
512	((C. Property with at least one high priority resource and which allows unlimited
513	public access, or limited public access if due to resource sensitivity, and which conveys a
514	conservation, historic preservation, or trail easement in perpetuity, in a form approved by
515	the county, shall be automatically eligible for current use value at ten percent of market
516	value.)) e. None or members-only - zero points. No public access is allowed or the
517	access is allowed only by members of the organization using or owning the land; and
518	6. Easement and access - thirty five points. For the purposes of this subsection
519	B.6, "easement and access" means that the property has at least one qualifying open space
520	resource, unlimited public access or limited public access due to resource sensitivity, and

resource, unlimited public access or limited public access due to resource sensitivity, and

521	a conservation easement or historic preservation easement in perpetuity in a form and
522	with conditions acceptable to the department. To be eligible a property must receive
523	credit for an open space category and for the conservation easement or historic easement
524	in perpetuity category. The owner must agree to allow public access to the portion of the
525	property designated for public access in the easement. An easement required by zoning,
526	subdivision conditions or other land use regulation is not eligible, unless there is
527	additional easement area beyond that required. Credit for this category cannot overlap
528	with the equestrian-pedestrian trail linkage category.
529	SECTION 6. Ordinance 14259, Section 7, and K.C.C. 20.36.105 are each hereby
530	repealed.
531	SECTION 7. Section 20.36.140 is hereby decodified.
532	SECTION 8. Ordinance 12969, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.36.150 are
533	each hereby repealed.
534	SECTION 9. Ordinance 10511, Section 8, and K.C.C. 20.36.170 are each hereby
535	amended to read as follows:
536	Review of previously approved open space applications. In accordance with
537	chapter 84.34 RCW, the department shall reevaluate ((O))open space property ((which))
538	that has been ((previously)) approved for current use assessment ((will be reassessed
539	under the public benefit rating system, pursuant to the procedures outlined in this chapter.
540	If this determination results in an assessment at 100% of market value for the property or
541	a portion thereof,)) before August 28, 1992, where the revaluation has not been
542	completed before the effective date of this ordinance. The landowner shall be notified of
543	the new assessed value in the manner described in RCW 84.40.045. ((t))The property
544	owner may request removal ((from open space classification)) of all, or a portion of, the

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545	property ((or that portion thereof,)) from open space classification by notifying the
546	department in writing within thirty days ((of)) after the notification((5))) required by this
547	section has been mailed to the owner without ((monetary)) incurring back taxes, interest
548	and penalty, in accordance with WAC 458-30-340.
549	NEW SECTION. SECTION 10. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 20.36 a new
550	section to read as follows:
551	Evaluation and approval of open space resource applications.
552	A. A property may achieve a maximum of a ninety-percent reduction in assessed
553	value of that portion of the land enrolled in the public benefit rating system through the

tion of the land enrolled in the public benefit rating system through the rating system and the bonus categories. Portions of a property may qualify for open space designation. The department shall evaluate a property for which open space classification is sought under this chapter for the presence of open space resource categories. Adjacent parcels of land with the same open space resources, owned by one or more landowners. may be eligible for consideration as a single parcel if open space classification is sought under the same application. For the purpose of determining buffer measurements under this chapter, the width is the distance perpendicular to the edge of the resource and the length of the buffer is parallel to the resource. The entire buffer width may be averaged to qualify for a resource category.

- B.1. The presence or occurrence of an eligible open space resource shall be verified by:
 - a. reference to a recognized source, such as:
 - (1) the natural heritage data base;
 - (2) the state office of historic preservation;

568	(3) state, national, county or city registers of historic places;
569	(4) the interagency committee for outdoor recreation inventory of dry
570	accretion beach and shoreline features;
571	(5) the shoreline master program;
572	(6) parks and recreation studies; or
573	(7) studies by the state Department of Fish and Wildlife or Department of
574	Natural Resources; or
575	c. reference to a map developed by the county or other recognized authority.
576	2. Alternatively, the existence of the resource may be verified using the best
577	available source, such as a recognized expert in the particular resource being reviewed.
578	3. When more than one reasonable interpretation can be supported by the text of
579	this chapter, the department is authorized to make a determination relating to the open
580	space resource definitions and eligibility standards in accordance with the overall purpose
581	and intent of this chapter. The department is authorized to calculate the appropriate area
582	of land to receive credit for a particular priority resource to support the assessor's
583	determination of the accompanying tax reduction for each priority resource.
584	C. Management or preservation of the open space resources shall be a condition
585	for acceptance into the program. Each open space resource must be maintained in the
586	same or better condition as it was when approved for enrollment. The property owner
587	shall not engage in any activity that reduces the value of the open space resource, unless
588	that activity is required for public safety and is conducted lawfully under appropriate
589	permits. As a condition of enrollment into the program, the department may require the

590 development and agreement to a plan to restore any property whose open space resources 591 are degraded. 592 D. The county's acceptance of property into the public benefit rating system may 593 be based on specific conditions or requirements being met, including, but not limited to, 594 the granting of easements. 595 E. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the following properties or areas 596 are not eligible for open space classification: 597 1. Improvements or structures situated upon eligible open space land; 598 2. Properties that do not contain a qualifying open space priority resource; 599 3. Open space areas required as part of a development or, subdivision, or 600 required by zoning or other land use regulation, unless the owner provides further public 601 benefit, such as additional open space not restricted or required by applicable regulation, 602 or resource restoration. Dedicated open space, such as a privately owned open space tract 603 or native growth retention/detention area, is eligible for participation only if additional 604 acreage, acceptable to the department, featuring a plant community where native plants 605 are dominant, is provided; 606 4. Any portion of a property that is dominated by or whose resource value is 607 compromised by invasive species, unless an approved and implemented restoration, rural 608 stewardship or forest stewardship plan has been provided and is being implemented; and 609 5. Homesite and other areas developed for residential or personal use, such as 610 garden, landscaping and driveway, except for historic resources. 611 F. The department may monitor the participating portion of the property to 612 evaluate its current use and the continuing compliance with the conditions under which

open space classification was granted. Monitoring may include a scheduled, physical
inspection of the property. Failure by the owner to meet the conditions of the approval or
to maintain the uses of the property that were the basis for the original approval shall be
grounds for the department to reevaluate the property under the public benefit rating
system. If the revaluation shows the property is no longer eligible or that the overall
rating would result in a current use assessment at a higher percentage of market value
than was originally approved, the county shall take action to remove the current use
classification and determine the amount of deferred taxes, interest and penalty owed by
the landowner. An appeal by the landowner from such a determination may be filed as
provided for in K.C.C. 20.36.130.B.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 11. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 20.36 a new section to read as follows:

The department shall undertake an outreach effort to actively encourage participation by eligible landowners in obtaining open space classification under the public benefit rating system, with emphasis on rural stewardship, aquifer protection areas, farm and agricultural conservation lands, forest stewardship lands, rural open space lands, and watershed protection areas. This outreach must include, among other elements, communications with community groups, civic organizations, volunteer associations and similar organizations, to:

- A. Highlight the benefits of the program;
- B. Seek participation by qualifying landowners;
- C. Seek communications with local media outlets; and

D. Seek participation in workshops by the department related to farm

management planning, forest management planning and rural stewardship planning.

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Ordinance 15137 was introduced on 10/25/2004 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 3/14/2005, by the following vote:

Yes: 13 - Mr. Phillips, Ms. Edmonds, Mr. von Reichbauer, Ms. Lambert, Mr. Pelz, Mr. Dunn, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Hammond, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Mr. Irons, Ms. Patterson and Mr. Constantine

No: 0

Excused: 0

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Larry Phillips, Chair

ATTEST:

Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 22 day of MARCH, 2005.

Ron Sims, County Executive:

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Attachments

None